

690/19-204
16-2-49

The Gazette



of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1949

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PART I—Section 1

Government of India Notifications relating to Rules, Regulations and Orders, and Resolutions (other than the Ministry of Defence)

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY OF INDIA

New Delhi, the 8th February 1949

No. CA/8/Ser/49.—Shri Pramlal Thukoral Munshi has been duly chosen as a representative of Baroda State in the Constituent Assembly of India vice Shri Chunilal P. Shah, resigned.

S. N. MUKERJEE, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF LAW

New Delhi, the 3rd February 1949

No. F. 21(1)/48-WPAT.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 6 of the Pensions Appeal Tribunals Rules, 1945 the Central Government is pleased to constitute a Pensions Appeal Tribunal at Delhi, and to appoint thereto—

1. Shri Basant Kishan, Advocate, East Punjab High Court, as Chairman, with effect from the 17th January 1949 (P.N.) and until further orders, and
2. Major Raghunir Chandra as Service (Army) Member, with effect from the 29th January 1949 and until further orders.

K. V. K. SUNDARAM, Secy.

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. F.35-I/49-L.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 175 of the Government of India Act, 1935, as adapted by the India (Provisional Constitution) Order, 1947, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Law No. F.82-III/48-L, dated the 8th January 1949, relating to the execution of contracts and assurances of property, namely:—

1. In Part V of the said notification, under Head K:—

- (i) For the entries in italics in item 1, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“by the Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy, in his capacity as Director, Indian Sea Transport Service for Sea Transport Service (Indian) or by his Deputy in this capacity.”

- (ii) For the entries in italics in item 3, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“by the Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy, or the Commodore-in-Charge, Bombay or the Commodore-in-Charge, Cochin and in cases where the Sea Transport Service is concerned,

by the Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy, in his capacity as Director, Indian Sea Transport Service, for Sea Transport Service (Indian), or Deputy in this capacity, or by the Sea Transport Officers at Calcutta and Madras."

- (iii) For the entries in italics in item 4, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"by the Commander-in-Chief, Royal Indian Navy, Commodore-in-Charge, Cochin, the Naval Officer-in-Charge of the Port or the Resident Naval Officer at the Port."

2. In Part XI of the said notification:—

For the entries in italics in item 2, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"by the Port Health Officers, Madras, Bombay, Calcutta, Vizagapatam and Cochin or the Airport Health Officers, Bombay Airport (Santa Cruz) and Calcutta Airport (Dum Dum)."

3. In Part XIV of the said notification:—

For the entry in italics in item 2, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"by the Distribution Officer, Publications Division."

KANHAIYA SINGH, Addl. Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 4th February 1949

No. 22/2/47-Ests.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 9 of the National Service (European British Subjects) Act, 1940 (XVIII of 1940), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Defence Department No. 2/T/II/MP, dated the 6th October 1945, namely:—

In the schedule annexed to the said notification, in the column headed "Persons appointed as members" for entry 2 the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"2. Brigadier Baljit Singh, Commander, Headquarters Madras Sub Area, Madras."

N. L. NAGAR, Under Secy

New Delhi, the 7th February 1949

No. 9/10/49-Police-I.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1924, namely:—

In the table set forth in Schedule II. of the said Rules after item 8 the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

"9. Himachal Pradesh (1) Swords other than sword sticks. The term 'sword stick' includes any pointed or bladed weapon sheathed in such a manner that its real nature may be presumed to be intended to be disguised. It is immaterial whether the sheath completely disguises the presence of the blade or not.	ALL
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----

Himachal Pradesh. (2) Spears or 'Barchhas'	ALL"
--------------------------------------------	------

No. 9/74/48-Police.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to exempt Lieutenant Colonel His Highness Maharaja Shri Sir Natvarsinhji Bhavsinhji, K.C.S.I., Maharaja Rana Saheb of Porbandar, from the operation of the prohibitions contained in section 6 of the said Act in respect of one 9 m.m. Baretta make pistol No. 746658 with 100 cartridges.

New Delhi, the 8th February 1949

No. 9/94/48-Police.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to exempt His Excellency Mr. Mohammed Ismail, High Commissioner for Pakistan in India, from the operation of the prohibitions contained

in section 6 of the said Act in respect of the following arms, namely:—

1. 38 bore revolver No. C8770 Albion No. 2MKI.
2. 38 bore revolver No. B5187 Albion No. 2MKI.
3. 38 bore revolver No. C8614 Albion No. 2MKI.
4. 38 bore revolver No. A5091 Albion No. 2MKI.
5. 38 bore revolver No. B588 Albion No. 2MKI.
6. 38 bore revolver No. A4614 Albion No. 2MKI.

with 300 rounds of cartridges (50 each per year).

U. K. GHOSHAL, Dy. Secy

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS AND COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1949

No. 40-Pt.—On the 29th January 1949, His Excellency the Governor General received His Excellency Sardar Najibullah Khan who presented his letters of credence as Ambassador of Afghanistan to India.

T. J. NATARAJAN, Under Secy.

HAIJ

New Delhi, the 7th February 1949

No. F. 37-1/49-Hajj.—The following draft of a further amendment to the Indian Pilgrim Ships Rules, 1933, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 213 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), is published, as required by sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th March 1949.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendment

In the said Rules in sub-rule (1) of rule 124, for the word "province", wherever it occurs and in sub-rule (1) of rule 125, for the word "province" the word "locality" shall be substituted.

S. DUTT, Addl. Secy

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

New Delhi, the 31st January 1949

No. F. 12(1)-E.V./48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 2 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Civil Service Regulations, namely:—

In Article 398 of the said Regulations for the proviso after the third paragraph the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that the pension or gratuity on the Inferior Scale, granted under clause (a) or the pension or gratuity on the Superior Scale plus the gratuity on the Inferior Scale granted under clause, (b), shall not exceed what would have been admissible if the whole service had been Superior."

B. L. BATRA, Dy. Secy

New Delhi, the 3rd February 1949

No. F.10(26)-F.I/48-II.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 8 of the Provident Fund Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), the Central Government is pleased to add to the Schedule to the said Act the name of the following public institution, namely:—

"Industrial Finance Corporation of India constituted under the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948."

No. F. 10(26)-F.I/48.III.— In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Provident Fund Act, 1925 (XIX of 1925), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the said Act shall apply to the Provident Fund established for the benefit of the employees of the Industrial Finance Corporation of India constituted under the Industrial Finance Corporation Act, 1948

H. S. NEGI, Dy. Secy.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of the Central Government in India and England for November 1948

PART I.—Revenue and Expenditure—(Revenue + Expenditure —)

		(In lakhs of Rupees)				
Revised, 1947-48 (15-8-47 to 31-3-48)	Budget, 1948-49		For November		To end of November	
			1947-48	1948-49	1947-48 (From 15-8-47)	1948-49
		I.—Revenue and Expenditure (excluding Railways and Posts and Telegraphs transactions and periodicals adjustments)				
		A.—Revenue				
+54.50	+80.78	Customs	+11.05	+11.37	+33.68	+74.61
+20.72	+45.97	Central Excise Duties	+2.78	+4.16	+9.25	+36.93
+40.43	+49.80	Corporation Tax	+2.57	+2.07	+6.98	+20.58
+74.57	+87.58	Taxes on Income	+5.45	+7.42	+16.05	+47.94
+16.15	+22.26	Other Heads	+77	+1.24	+3.03	+19.19
+2,06,37	+2,86,37	Total	+22,62	+26,26	+68,99	+1,99,25
		B.—Expenditure				
—34.35	—66.82	Gross Debt charges	—2.42	—2.31	—15.18	—30.84
—86.03	—1,21,08	Defence Services (net)	—8.54	—11.31	—22.49	—76.55
—42	—95.13	Other charges	—3.01	—4.95	—7.35	—33.14
—2,00,40	—2,83,03	Total	—13,97	—18,47	—45,02	—1,40,53
+5.97	+3.34	Net Revenue (+) ————(excluding Railway and Posts and Telegraphs Expenditure(—) transactions and periodical adjustments).	+8.65	+7.79	+23.97	+58.72
		II.—Railway and Posts and Telegraphs Transactions				
	+4.50	Contribution from Railways				
+2.14	+78	Posts and Telegraphs (net surplus)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
		III.—Periodical Adjustments				
—29.74	—36.41	Share of income-tax payable to provinces				
+15.11	+25.66	Recoveries of interest charges from other Governments, Departments etc.				
—12.49	—5.47	Total of II and III	..	..	..	..
—6.52	—2.13	surplus (+)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)
		IV—Net deficit (—)				

(a) Monthly figures are not entered as the bulk of the adjustments here affecting the surplus or deficit are made towards or after the close of the year.

PART II.—Receipts and Disbursements—(Receipts + Disbursements —)

		(In lakhs of Rupees)				
Revised, 1947-48 15-8-47 to 31-3-48)	Budget, 1948-49		For November		To end of November	
			1947-48	1948-49	1947-48 (From 15-8-47)	1948-49
+5.97	+3.34	Net revenues (excluding Railways and Posts and Telegraphs transactions and adjustments).	+8.65	+7.79	+23.97	+58.72
		Net receipts from Railways:—				
	+4.50	(a) Contribution to General Revenues	+1.85	+2.52	+4.57	+22.84
+13.61	+22.53	(b) Interest charged to Railways				
	+5.34	(c) Transfer to Railway Reserve Fund and Railway Betterment Fund				
		Net receipts from P. & T. Deptt.—				
+2.14	+78	(a) Surplus of revenue over expenditure	+45	+60	+2.53	+2.82
+55	+97	(b) Interest charged to P. & T. Deptt.				
+95	+2.16	Receipts from other Departments or Governments of interest charge-able to them . . . . .	..	+21	+6	+80
—29.74	—36.41	Payments to provinces of their share of income-tax. . . . .	..	..	..	..
—56.89	—1,28.13	Capital outlay outside the Revenue Account	—02	—1.70	—6.95	—2,26.76
—18.62	+46.22	Permanent debt (net)	—8.74	—13	—9.94	—38.93
+10.90	+10.00	Floating debt (net)	+21.63	—7.76	+38.24	+2,59.18
—38.66	—33.90	Deposits and Advances (net)	—18.95	—27.01	—37.25	—1,23.67
—1,10.69	—1,02.60	Net total transactions	+3.97	—25.48	+16.13	—45.00
2,70.30	1 59.61	Opening balance	2,82.46	2,55.09	2,70.30	2,74.61 (b)
1,59.61	57.01	Closing balance	2,86.43	2,29.61	2,86.43	2,29.61

(b) Differs from the opening balance shown in the statement for October 1948 due to adjustments in the supplementary accounts of August (1—14th) 1947.

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1949

No. D. 1568-F. 1/49.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India as on the 28th January 1949.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	20,88,45,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	12,59,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,84,000
(a) Government—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government	215,95,15,000	(a) Internal	48,33,000
(2) Other Governments	11,88,17,000	(b) External . . . . .	..
(b) Banks	62,56,98,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	9,41,91,000
(c) Others	61,03,36,000	Balances held abroad*	235,76,16,000
Bills Payable	5,08,50,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	4,71,00,000
Other Liabilities	9,26,12,000	Other Loans and Advances	4,48,91,000
		Investments	96,72,51,000
		Other Assets	3,21,53,000
Rupees	375,83,28,000	Rupees	375,83,28,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 28th day of January 1949.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	20,88,45,000		A —Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
Notes in circulation	1173,06,85,000		(a) Held in India	40,55,21,000	
			(b) Held outside India . . . . .	..
			Foreign Securities	752,51,43,000	
Total Notes issued		1193,95,30,000	Total of A		793,06,64,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		44,11,70,000
			Government of India . . . . .		..
			Rupee Securities		356,78,90,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper . . . . .		..
Total Liabilities		1193,95,30,000	Total Assets		1193,95,30,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 66.424 per cent.

Dated the 2nd day of February 1949.

C. D. DESHMUKU, Governor.

New Delhi, the 8th February 1949

No. D. 1877-F. 1/49.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India as on the 4th February 1949.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000	Notes	11,38,33,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	7,23,000
Deposits :—		Subsidiary Coin	1,76,000
(a) Government—		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(1) Central Government	213,97,70,000	(a) Internal	48,33,000
(2) Other Governments	11,83,60,000	(b) External . . . . .	..
(b) Banks	56,68,60,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	10,24,15,000
(c) Others	64,50,43,000	Balances held abroad*	236,84,67,000
Bills Payable	5,42,27,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	8,09,90,000
Other Liabilities	9,90,53,000	Other Loans and Advances	4,00,86,000
Rupees	372,42,18,000	Investments	97,22,75,000
		Other Assets	3,45,10,000
		Rupees	372,42,18,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 4th day of February 1949

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	11,38,33,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion :—		
Notes in circulation	1181,95,00,000		(a) Held in India	40,55,21,000	
Total Notes issued		1193,33,39,000	(b) Held outside India		
			Foreign Securities	752,51,43,000	
			Total of A		793,06,64,000
			B.—Rupee Coin		43,49,85,000
			Government of India Rupee		
			Securities		356,76,90,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange		
			and other Commercial		
			Paper . . . . .		..
Total Liabilities		1193,33,39,000	Total Assets		1193,33,39,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 66.458 per cent.

Dated the 9th day of February 1949.

C. D. DESHMUKH, Governor

K. R. K. MENON, Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (COMMUNICATIONS)

New Delhi, the 4th February 1949

No. 434-CI/49.—The Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Post Office 5-year Cash Certificates Rules, namely:—

For (the existing) sub-rule (1) or rule 9 of the said Rules, the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—“(1) Holders of Cash Certificates who subsequently leave India may obtain during their stay abroad payment for their certificates in the United Kingdom at the rate of exchange current at the time of encashment. Holders who wish to avail themselves of the concession must apply in the prescribed form, together with the necessary permit from the nearest branch of the Reserve Bank of India, to the post office in which the certificates are for the time being registered, for their encashment by the Head Postmaster for payment at the office of the High Commissioner for India London. In case, however, the encashment for the payment of cash certificates is required after the holders have left India, the application for encashment, together with cash certificates, and the application prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India should be made to the High Commissioner for India, London, who will forward the same to the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, for issue of the necessary permit and for onward transmission to the Director General, Posts and Telegraphs for further necessary action.”

No. 434(A)-CI/49.—The Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Post Office 10-year Defence Savings Certificates Rules, namely:—

For (the existing) sub-rule (1) of rule 13 of the said Rules, the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—“(1) Holders of Defence Savings Certificates who subsequently leave India may obtain during their stay abroad payment for their certificates in the United Kingdom at the rate of exchange current at the time of encashment. Holders who wish to avail themselves of the concession must apply in the prescribed form together with the necessary permit from the nearest branch of the Reserve Bank of India, to the Post Office in which the certificates are for the time being registered, for their encashment by the Head Postmaster for payment at the office of the High Commissioner for India London. In case, however, the encashment for the payment of Defence Saving Certificates is required after the holders have left India, application for encashment together with the Defence Certificates and the application prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India should be made to the High Commissioner for India, London, who will forward the same to the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, for issue of necessary permit and for onward transmission to the Director General, Posts & Telegraphs for further necessary action.”

R. NARAYANASWAMI, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)

CENTRAL EXCISES

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. 2.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In the said Rules, in clause (i) of sub-rule (1) of rule 96C after the words, brackets and figures “where the count of warp yarn (whether single or folded) in the cloth is 35s”, the words “or finer” shall be inserted.

No. 3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, the Central Government is pleased to exempt the following kinds of damaged or sub-standard pieces of superfine cloth from the whole of the duty leviable on such goods under the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), namely:—

- Rags, that is to say, pieces of one yard or less in length;
- Fents, that is to say, pieces of more than one yard but not more than three yards in length; and *bona fide* remnants of dhoties and sarees of less than the standard length of such dhoties and sarees.

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 12th February 1949

No. 8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to cancel the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division), No. 38-Customs, dated the 4th September 1948, prohibiting the bringing into the Provinces of India of the newspaper “DAWN”, printed and published at Karachi.

A. N. PURI, Dy. Secy.

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. 6.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department (Central Revenues) No. 12-Customs, dated the 9th June 1945, namely:—

- For the words “British India” the words “Provinces of India” shall be substituted;
- After the words “Sun-cured Virginia”, the words “white burley,” shall be inserted.

K. R. P. AIYANGAR, Joint Secy.

INCOME-TAX

HEADQUARTERS ESTABLISHMENT

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. 11.—It is notified for general information that the Central Government have approved the institution mentioned below for the purposes of sub-section (1) of section 15B of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922).—

“Bombay.

246. Bombay Presidency Women’s Council, Bombay.”

S. P. LAHIRI, Under Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. 4.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 5 of the Land Customs Act, 1924

(XIX of 1924), and in supersession of its notification No. 8-Customs, dated the 27th February 1948, the Central Board of Revenue prescribes the following form of application for the permit for the passage of goods by land out of or into the Dominion of Pakistan into or from the Provinces of India:—

“FORM”

Application for Import/Export

Original
Duplicate
Triplicate
Quadruplicate
Quantuplicate

To

The Land Customs Officer-in-Charge of the Land Customs Station at_____

Please allow

export the undermentioned goods to be brought/taken out from/to foreign territory/ (place).

(full name and address of Importer/Exporter) to import (by rail, carts, or headloads, or other mode of conveyance

Columns to be filled in by the Importer/Exporter

Marks on and description of packages	Description of goods	Weight, quantity or number	Real value of goods	
			Rate	Total value
1	2	3	4	5
				Rs. A. P.

Columns to be filled in by the Land Customs Officer

Of Weighment made						Traffic value (if any)	Real value of goods on which duty advaloram is leviable		Customs duty	
Marks on and number of packages and weight	Details of weighment of separate lots together with total weight	Net weight on which duty is levied			Rate		Total			
		Gross weight, quantity or number	Deduct tare					Net weight		
Per Package	Total									
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
									Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.

I/We hereby declare the above particulars to be true.

Duty assessed.

Signature with full name and address of Importer/Exporter or his authorised agent.

Signature of the Land Customs Officer.

Statement of duty paid

(To be filled in by the owner or his authorised agent)

<div>For payment in cash</div> <div>Treasury Sub-Treasury Reserve</div> <div>Imperial Bank of India</div>	<div>Payment through account current</div> <div>Title of Account or Ledger Number</div>	<div>For payment by money order</div> <div>No. and date of money order (Receipt to be shown to the Land Customs Officer)</div>
Name of person tendering payment.....		
Particulars of payment	Number and date of entry	Amount
Amount (in figures and words).....		
Head of account I-Land Customs		Rs. A.
Date..... Signature of tenderer.....	Amount	
	Rs. A.	
<div>Certificate of payment</div> <div>Received payment of rupees..... (in figures and words)</div> <div>Deposit No..... Signature.....</div> <div>Date..... Treasury.....</div>	<div>Date..... Signature of the owner or his authorised agent.</div>	<div>Date..... Signature of the owner or his authorised agent.</div>

PERMIT

Import/Export permitted.

Date

Signature.
Land Customs Officer.

Land Customs Station.

RESULTS OF CHECK BY LAND CUSTOMS OFFICER	At Loading Station	At Checking Station
1. Marks and Number		
2. Check weighment No. of packages examined . .		
Gross weight		
Tare		
Net weight		
3. Total Net weight of the consignment		
4. Description of goods		
5. Railway or steamer receipt number and date . .		
6. No. of wagon or barge sealed after check if any . .		
7. Whether passed or detained		
8. Date of examination		

* To be filled in where necessary.

Signature of Land Customs
Officer at Loading Station.

Signature of Land Customs
Officer at Checking Station.

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to section 182 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the Assistant Collector of Central Excise for the time being at Cochin shall, in so far as the Port of Cochin is concerned, exercise the powers indicated in clause (a) of the said section.

A. N. PURI, Secy.

INCOME-TAX

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. 1/D.—In pursuance of sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922) and in partial modification of its notification No. 32-I.T., dated 9th November 1946, the Central Board of Revenue directs that the Appellate Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, G-Range, Bombay, shall also and the Appellate Assistant Commissioner of Income-tax, F Range, Bombay, shall not perform his functions in respect of Sir Chunilal B. Mehta for appeal No. FAPC-348 against order under section 28(1) (c) for the assessment year 1938-39.

New Delhi, the 12th February 1949

No. 12.—In pursuance of sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendments shall be made in its Notification No. 32-Income-tax, dated the 9th November 1946, namely:—

In the scheduled appended to the said notification under the sub-head 'I-Madras' for the Ranges and Income-tax Circle mentioned against it the following Ranges and Income-tax Circles shall be substituted namely:—

Vijayawada Range

- (1) Vizianagaram,
- (2) Vizagapatam,
- (3) Cocanada,
- (4) Rajahmundry,
- (5) Ellore,
- (6) Masulipatam,
- (7) Vijayawada,
- (8) Guntur,
- (9) Tenali,
- (10) Bapatla,
- (11) Kurnool.

Madras 'A' Range

- (1) Madras City Circle I,
- (2) Madras City Circle II,
- (3) Madras City Circle IV,
- (4) Madras Salaries Circle,
- (5) Madras (Special) Central,
- (6) Madras (Special) South,
- (7) Cuddalore,
- (8) Nellore,
- (9) Conjeevaram.

Madras 'B' Range

- (1) Madras City Circle III,
- (2) Madras Hindi Circle,
- (3) Madras (Special) North,
- (4) Madras (Special) East,
- (5) Chittoor,
- (6) Vellore,
- (7) Cuddappah,
- (8) Anantapur,
- (9) Bellary,
- (10) Salem.

Tiruchirapalli Range

- (1) Tiruchirapalli,
- (2) Karaikudi,
- (3) Nagapattinam,
- (4) Tanjore,

Madura Range

- (1) Madura,
- (2) Madura (Special) Circle,
- (3) Virudhunagar,
- (4) Tirunelveli,
- (5) Tuticorin,
- (6) Dindigul.

Coimbatore Range

- (1) Coimbatore,
- (2) Coimbatore (Special) Circle,
- (3) Ootacamund,
- (4) Palghat,
- (5) Calicut,
- (6) Mangalore,
- (7) Coorg,
- (8) Erode,
- (9) Erode (Special) Circle.

S. P. LAHIRI, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE**EXPORT TRADE CONTROL***New Delhi, the 12th February 1949*

No. 91-C.W. (1)/45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (XVIII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W. (1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, in Part D after item 67 the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

“68. Articles not specified elsewhere in this Schedule and imported from the following:—

- (a) The whole of the continent of North, Central and South America and adjacent Islands but excluding Brazil, Chile, Uruguay, Peru and any territories which are part of the sterling

area, the Dutch monetary area or the French franc area;

- (b) Belgium and Belgian colonies;
- (c) Japan, Sweden and Switzerland;
- (d) the Philippines;
- (e) Portugal and Portuguese colonies excluding Portuguese India; and
- (f) Bizonia, i.e. Anglo-American zone of Germany.”

V. C. FRIVEDI, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 12th February 1949

No. 1-A(1)/49.—The following draft of certain further amendments to the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 144 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913 (VII of 1913), is published as required by the said sub-section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 3rd March 1949.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date specified will be considered by the Central Government.

Draft Amendments

In Rule 40 of the said Rules—

(1) for sub-rule (2) the following sub-rule shall be substituted:

“(2) A Registered Accountant entitled to train articled clerks may, on the death or retirement of a partner in his firm or on such partner temporarily ceasing to practise, accept transfer, in accordance with Rule 46 of the Articles of any clerk who was employed by such partner at the time of his death or retirement or temporary cessation of practice and may continue to employ such clerk for the remainder of his term of service under articles in addition to the number of articled clerks already in his employment at the time of his partner's death, retirement or temporary cessation of practice:

Provided that if such an accountant who has temporarily ceased to practise resumes practice as a Registered Accountant and is entitled to train articled clerks under Rule 38 the articled clerk shall be re-transferred to him”.

(2) In clause (a) of sub-rule (3)—

(a) After the words “or retirement of”, the words “or temporary cessation of practice by” shall be inserted;

(b) for the words “or retirement” where they occur for the second time, the words “retirement or temporary cessation of practice” shall be inserted;

(c) after clause (d) of the proviso, the following clause shall be inserted, namely,—

“(e) the Registered Accountant who temporarily ceased to practise resumes practice in which case such clerk shall be re-transferred to him if on his resuming of practice he is entitled to train articled clerks under Rule 38”.

REGISTRATION OF ACCOUNTANTS*New Delhi, the 12th February 1949*

No. 24-A(9)/47.—Mr. K. Bhimeshwara Rao of Messrs. K. Bhimeshwara Rao and Company, Ellore, having been found guilty of misconduct in his professional capacity as auditor of the firm of Kesarapalli Anjaneyalu and Umma Janardhana Rao, Ellore, the Central Government is pleased to declare him not to be a fit and proper person to remain enrolled at present on the Register of Accountants, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-rule (1) of rule 14 of the Auditor's Certificates Rules, 1932, to remove his name, temporarily for a period of three years, from the said Register.

ENEMY TRADING

New Delhi, the 12th February 1949

No. 101(1)-ET/48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 114 of the Defence of India Rules, as continued in force by the Trading with the Enemy (Continuance of Emergency Provisions) Act, 1947 (XVI of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the provisions of the notifications of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 72(1)-Tr(W)/-39, dated the 2nd November, 1939, No. 49(23)-Tr(W)/40, dated the 6th June, 1940, No. 49(23)-Tr(W)/40, dated the 25th June 1940 and No. 120(2)-E.T. (A)/41, dated the 8th December, 1941 and of sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of the Enemy Property (Custody and Registration) Order, 1939, shall not, in respect of any transactions entered into on or after the 5th April 1947 under an authority given generally or specially by the Central Government, apply to—

- (a) any money which would but for the existence of a state of war become payable on or after the 5th day of April 1947 to or for the benefit of any person resident in or of any body of persons constituted or incorporated in Germany;
- (b) any property which on or after the 5th day of April 1947 comes into the ownership of any such person or body of persons as aforesaid;
- (c) any money or property to which the provisions of the said notifications or of the Order referred to above would apply merely by reason of the fact that any such person or body of persons as aforesaid became resident or commenced or recommenced to carry on business in Germany on or after the 5th April 1947.

RESOLUTIONS

TARIFFS

New Delhi, the 12th February 1949

No. 58-T(1)/49.—In June 1935 the Government of India granted a rebate of the import duty on soda ash used in the Indian glass industry. This concession was sanctioned for a period of three years in the first instance and was made in the expectation that soda ash would be produced in India on a commercial scale before the expiry of the prescribed period. The expectation was not, however, realised and the concession granted in 1935 was extended from time to time. It has now expired on the 31st December 1948 in accordance with the terms of the late Commerce Department Resolution No. 458-T(1)/47, dated the 21st June 1947.

2. The production of soda ash in India is still far below the demand and the Government of India have therefore decided to continue the concession. The arrangements announced in paragraph 5 of the late Department of Commerce Resolution No. 458-T(14), dated the 22nd June 1935, as modified in relation to imports from the United Kingdom, by paragraph 3 of the Resolution No. 458-T(1)/41, dated the 6th June 1942, are accordingly being continued for a further period of one year with effect from 1st January 1949. If at any time during this period the Government of India are satisfied that soda ash in sufficient quantities is being produced in India, the question will again be reviewed.

ORDER

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Provincial Governments, all Chief Commissioners, the several Ministries of the Government of India, Prime Minister's Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Governor General, the Central Board of Revenue, the Auditor General, the Director General of Employment and Resettlement, the Director General, Industry and Supply, the High Commissioner for India, London, the Economic Adviser to Government of India, the Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, the Indian Trade Commissioner, London, the Indian Trade Commissioners at New York, Buenos Aires, Toronto, Alexandria, Colombo, Paris, Mombasa, Tehran and Sydney, His Majesty's Senior Trade Commissioner in India, the United States Embassy, New Delhi, the Canadian Trade Commissioner in India, the Australian

Trade Commissioner in India, the Norwegian Consul General Bombay the High Commissioner for India in Pakistan, Karachi, the High Commissioner for Pakistan in India, New Delhi, the Secretary, Indian Tariff Board, Bombay, all recognised Chambers of Commerce and Associations.

ORDERED that a copy be communicated to the Government of Burma.

ORDERED also that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

S. RANGANATHAN, Joint Secy.

New Delhi, the 12th February 1949

No. 236(3)-F.T.(Tea)/49.—The tea industry is one of the major industries of India and provides also one of our most important commodities for export. But recent trends have gone to show that there has been an appreciable decline in the volume of exports, particularly to hard currency areas. With a view to examining this as also various problems affecting the industry as a whole and suggesting remedial measures the Government of India have decided to appoint an *ad hoc* Committee with the following terms of reference:—

- (i) to find out ways and means of providing additional warehouse accommodation for tea immediately necessary during the current year.
- (ii) to work out detailed proposals for providing additional warehouse accommodation on a permanent basis for tea in Calcutta and to indicate ways and means therefor.
- (iii) to make concrete suggestions for training Indians in tea broking including tasting
- (iv) to suggest methods for improving the quality of tea exported out of the country.

2. The Committee will be constituted as follows:—

- (a) Mr. K. K. Chettur, Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce, New Delhi (ex-officio)—Chairman.
- (b) A representative of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport.
- (c) A representative of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (I. & C. Divn.).
- (d) Mr. S. K. Chatterjee, I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of West Bengal, Department of Commerce and Industries, Calcutta (ex-officio).
- (e) The Tea Controller for India, Calcutta (ex-officio).
- (f) A representative of the Port Commissioners of Calcutta, Calcutta (ex-officio).
- (g) The Chairman of the Indian Tea Association, Calcutta
- (h) A representative of the Indian growers nominated by the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce.
- (i) A representative of the Calcutta Tea Traders' Association, Calcutta.
- (j) Mr. Duleep C. Matthai, of Messrs. McLeod and Company Limited, Calcutta—Secretary.

The Committee will have powers to co-opt, as and when necessary, representatives of other interests to attend its meetings.

3. The Committee shall meet at Calcutta as and when necessary and its report should be submitted to the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce not later than the 15th March 1949.

ORDER.

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Provincial Governments, all Chief Commissioners, the several Ministries of the Government of India, Prime Minister's Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Governor General, the Central Board of Revenue and others concerned

ORDERED also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

C. C. DESAI, Secy.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

Bombay, the 8th February 1949

No. 9(9)-Tex. I/49.—With reference to the Notification of the Textile Commissioner No. 90/14. Tex. 1/48 dated 30th July 1948, I hereby direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Notification No. 80-Tex. 1/48 (iv) dated 2nd October, 1948, namely:—

In the said Notification of 2nd October, 1948 (i) The first proviso shall be deleted, (ii) The word "further" in the second Proviso shall be deleted.

Bombay, the 12th February 1949

No. 15-Tex.I/49.—In pursuance of sub-clause (i) of clause 3 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1948, I hereby cancel the Textile Commissioner's Notification No. 101/19-Tex.I/48(i) dated the 18th December 1948.

No. 15-Tex. I/49(i).—In pursuance of sub-clause (c) of clause 2 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order, 1948, I hereby authorise the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay, or any Officer authorised by him in this behalf to exercise on my behalf the power to issue Special Transport Permits under clause 3(ii) of the said Order in respect of movement by road from any place in Greater Bombay to any of the scheduled villages in the Bombay Cloth Rationing Order, 1948.

No. 15-Tex. I/49(ii).—In pursuance of sub clause (i) of clause 3 of the Cotton Textiles (Control of Movement) Order 1948, I hereby direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Textile Commissioner's General Permit No. 1 dated the 10th September 1948 contained in the notification No. 101/19-Tex 1/48(i) dated the 10th September, 1948, namely:—

In paragraph 1 of the said General Permit item No. (29) shall be deleted and item Nos 30 to 34 re-numbered as Nos. 29 to 33 respectively.

Bombay, the 8th February 1949

No. TCSI/48(iv).—Corrigendum.—In this Ministry's notification No. TCSI/48(iii), dated the 21st December, 1948 (issued in Part I, Section 1 of the Gazette of India dated the 8th January, 1949, at pages 46-47) in item (ii), figure "(f)" should be substituted for figure "(g)".

T. P. BARAT,

Textile Commissioner.

RUBBER CONTROL

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1949

No. 17(1)-I-6/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25 of the Rubber (Production and Marketing) Act, 1947 (XXIV of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Rubber (Production and Marketing) Rules, 1947, namely:—

In the Forms set forth in the Schedule annexed to the said Rules—

(1) In Forms H and K

- (a) In the entry relating to Group 1, the words "London Standard" shall be omitted;
- (b) For the entry "Palish Latex Crepe 3 FAQ" relating to Group 4, the entry "Pale Latex Crepe 3 FAQ" shall be substituted;
- (c) To the entries under the heading "Groups and Grades" the entry "Sole Crepe" shall be added

(2) For Form J, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"FORM J"

(To be submitted to the Secretary, Indian Rubber Board, Kottayam by the 10th of each succeeding month)

THE INDIAN RUBBER BOARD

Name of Estate.....
Register No.....

PRODUCTION STATEMENT

Month	Grade	Quantity (lbs.)
	R. M. A. IX R. M. A. 1	Group 1
	R. M. A. 2 R. M. A. 3 Cuttings No. 1	Group 2
	R. M. A. 4 R. M. A. 5 Cuttings No. 2	Group 3
	Pale Latax Crepe IX Pale Latax Crepe 1 Pale Latax Crepe 2 Pale Latax Crepe 3 FAQ	Group 4
	Estate Brown Crepe IX Estate Brown Crepe 2X Smoked Blanket Remilled Crepe 2	Group 5
	Estate Brown Crepe 3X Remilled Crepe 3 Remilled Crepe 4	Group 6
	Flate Back Crepe (Earth Scrap Crepe)	Group 7
	Clean Dry Curly Scrap No. 1	
	Clean Dry Curly Scrap No. 2	
	Clean Dry Shell Scrap	
	Clean Dry Washed Earth Scrap No. 1	
	Clean Dry Earth Scrap No. 2	
	Latax (Dry Rubber Content) (State percentage of con- centration)	
	Sole Crepe	
		Total

Place

Date

Signature of Owner or Superintendent.

K. RAM, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1949

No. 36.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 4 of the Colliery Control Order, 1945, as continued in force by section 17 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1946 (XXIV of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Supplies, No 19, dated the 9th January 1946, namely:—

In the said notification under the heading "I. Col-
lieries in Bengal and Bihar" in part "(b) Coke"
for the entries relating to "Hard Coke" the
following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Hard Coke—from Byc-product, Beehive and Country Ovens, and from Kulti Coke Ovens of Messrs. Indian Iron and Steel Company Ltd.	Large Rubble or Smithy over 4'
(i) If the ash content exceeds 24% but does not exceed 30%	Rs. 28-12-0
(ii) If the ash content does not exceed 24%	Rs 34-12-0"

P. R. DAS GUPTA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF RELIEF AND REHABILITATION*New Delhi, the 29th January 1949*

No. II(55-E)/49-N. & I.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Influx from Pakistan (Control) Ordinance, 1948 (No. XXXIV of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to empower any Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police to exercise the powers referred to in the said sub-section.

V. D. DANTYAGI, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE*New Delhi, the 4th February 1949*

No. F. 41-12/49-Comm.—Under section 4(viii) of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, Sri M. Lakshminantha Reddy, Land Lord, Molagavalli, Alur Post, Bellary District, is nominated by the Madras Government to be a member of the Indian Central Cotton Committee to represent the Cotton Growing Industry in Madras *vice* Sri Hon'ble Sri H. Sitarappa Reddy resigned.

No. F. 41-12/49-Comm.—Under section 4 (IX) of the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, Sardar Kartar Singh, Director of Agriculture, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Patiala, is nominated by the Government of that Union to be a member of the Indian Central Cotton Committee.

New Delhi, the 9th February 1949

No. F. 35-8/48-Comm.—In pursuance of the provisions Sections 4(b) of the Indian Coconut Committee Act, 1944, the Government of West Bengal have with effect from April, 1949, renominated Sri Rajani Kanta Pramanick, M.L.A., 4/1, Mohan Bazar Lane, Calcutta, to be a member of the Indian Central Coconut Committee to represent Coconut growers.

S. M. SRIVASTAVA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF HEALTH*New Delhi, the 3rd February 1949*

No. F. 22-4/48-MI(Pt.II).—Dr. Kumud Sankar Ray, M.A., B.Sc., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), F.S.M.F. (Bengal), has been re-elected as a member of the Medical Council of India under clause (C) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933 (XXVII of 1933), with effect from the 20th February 1949.

J. N. SAKSENA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS**(Railway Board)***New Delhi, the 3rd February 1949*

No. E48AP4/8/4.—It is hereby notified for general information that the designation of the following posts in the Railway Board's Office has been changed as follows.—

<i>Present designation</i>	<i>New designation</i>
Director, Accounts	Director, Finance (Budget).
Director, Finance	Director, Finance (Expenditure).
Deputy Director, Accounts	Deputy Director, Finance (Budget).
Asstt. Director, Accounts	Asstt. Director, Finance (Accounts).

New Delhi, the 5th February 1949

No. 402-TG.—Whereas in the Railway Board's Notification No. 1078-T, dated 9th March 1929, General Rules were made for all railways in British India administered by the Government and for the time being used for the Public carriage of passengers, animals or goods:

And whereas the said rules were adopted by the Madras and Bombay Port Trust Railways with the sanction of the Railway Board conveyed in their Notification No. 1078-T, dated 26th June 1929 and 18th September 1929 respectively;

And whereas in the Railway Board's Notification No. 402-TG, dated 8th April 1948, certain amendments were made in the said rules as made for railways administered by the Government.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890) and by the Notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, Railway Board, hereby sanction the making of the said amendments in the said rules as so adopted by the said Railways.

New Delhi, the 7th February 1949

No. 808-TG.—Whereas in the Railway Board's Notification No. 1078-T, dated 9th March 1929, General Rules were made for all railways in British India administered by the Government and for the time being used for the Public carriage of passengers, animals or goods:

And whereas the said rules were adopted by the Calcutta/Bombay Port Trust Railway with the sanction of the Railway Board conveyed in their Notification No. 1078-T, dated 15th December 1932/18th September 1929.

And whereas in the Railway Board's Notification Nos. 794-TG, and 808-TG, dated 18th March and 4th May 1948, respectively, certain amendments were made in the said rules as made for railways administered by the Government.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890) and by the Notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, Railway Board, hereby sanction the making of the said amendments in the said rules as so adopted by the said Railways.

S. S. RAMASUBBAN, Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT**PORTS***New Delhi, the 2nd February 1949*

No. 8-P(54)/48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (XV of 1908), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Bombay Port Rules, 1925, published with the notification of the Government of Bombay in the Marine Department, No. 441/42 M, dated the 19th January 1925, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, namely:—

In Chapter I of the said Rules, after rule 48 the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"48A. The Owner, Master or any person in-charge of a vessel in the port or on the break-up hard shall not allow the breaking up of such vessel or the commencement of any repairs involving the use of naked lights, gas-cutting or welding apparatus to or in the vicinity of the Fuel Storage Tanks or the Fuel System or involving the entry of any person into any Fuel Storage Tank of any such vessel wherein petroleum may have been deposited unless such Owner, Master or other person in charge of the vessel has obtained a vapour-free certificate from the Chemical Examiner, Customs House, Bombay."

A. K. MUKHERJEA, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER*New Delhi, the 8th February 1949*

No. EL-II/301(2).—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Indian Boilers Act, 1923 (V of 1923) and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Industries and Labour No. A-470, dated the 15th January 1924, the Central Government is pleased to declare that the provisions of the said Act shall not apply in the case of boilers and steam-pipes (not being boilers or are steam-pipes in collieries) which belong to or are under the control of any of the railways specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

SCHEDULE

1. The Ahmedpur Katwa Railway.
2. The Arrah Sasaram Railway.
3. The Assam Railway.
4. The Bankura Damodar River Railway.

5. The Baraset Basirhat Railway.
6. The Barsi Light Railway.
7. The Bengal Nagpur Railway.
8. The Bikaner State Railway.
9. The Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway.
10. The Bombay Port Trust Railway.
11. The Bukhtiarpur Bihar Light Railway.
12. The Burdwan Katwa Railway.
13. The Calcutta Port Commissioner's Railway.
14. The Darjeeling Himalayan Railway and Extensions.
15. The Dholpur State Railway.
16. The East Indian Railway.
17. The Eastern Punjab Railway.
18. The Futwa Islampur Railway.
19. The Great Indian Peninsula Railway.
20. The Howrah Amta Railway.
21. The Howrah Sheakhala Light Railway.
22. The Jodhpur Railway.
23. The Kalighat Falta Railway.
24. The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.
25. The Madras Port Trust Railway.
26. H. E. II. The Nizam's State Railway.
27. The Oudh Tirhut Railway.
28. The Shahdra (Delhi) Saharanpur Light Railway.
29. The South Indian Railway.

D. L. MAZUMDAR, Joint Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR

New Delhi, the 2nd February 1949

No. L.R.11(43).—In pursuance of clauses (a) and (c) of section 2 of the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 (XX of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, and the Revenue Assistant Commissioner, Port Blair, to exercise the functions of appellate authority and certifying officer, respectively, under the said Act, in respect of industrial establishments situated within the Province of Andaman and Nicobar Islands other than those under the control of the Central Government or a Federal Railway or in a major port, mine or oilfield.

New Delhi, the 4th February 1949

No. LR-12(20).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of 1947), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Labour No. LR-12(20), dated the 1st April 1947, the Central Government is pleased to appoint the following officers as Conciliation Officers for (i) all industries carried on by or under the authority of the Central Government; (ii) all Federal Railways; and (iii) all mines, oilfields and major ports, namely:—

- (1) Chief Labour Commissioner (Central).
- (2) Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Calcutta.
- (3) Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Bombay.
- (4) Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Dhanbad.
- (5) Regional Labour Commissioner (Central), Kanpur.
- (6) Conciliation Officer (Central), Bombay.
- (7) Conciliation Officer (Central), New Delhi.
- (8) Conciliation Officer (Central), Calcutta.
- (9) Conciliation Officer (Central), Gauhati.
- (10) Conciliation Officer (Central), Lucknow.
- (11) Conciliation Officer (Central), Asansol.
- (12) Conciliation Officer (Central), Madras.
- (13) Conciliation Officer (Central), Nagpur.
- (14) Conciliation Officer (Central), Poona.

H. KHANNA, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 7th February 1949

No. L.W.1(1)/48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947 (XXXII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to make the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (1) of the said section, namely:—

CHAPTER I—GENERAL

1. *Short title.*—These rules may be called the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Rules, 1949.

2. *Definitions.*—In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "The Act" means the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1947 (XXXII of 1947);
- (b) "member" means a member of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board, as the case may be; and
- (c) "owner" of a coal mine includes a lessee or mortgagee with possession of such coal mine.

CHAPTER II—ADVISORY COMMITTEE, SUB-COMMITTEES AND HOUSING BOARD

3. *Advisory Committee.*—(1) (a) The Advisory Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:—

- (i) the Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, who shall be the Chairman;
- (ii) the Coal Mines Labour Welfare Commissioner, who shall be the Vice-Chairman;
- (iii) the Chief Inspector of Mines;
- (iv) one official nominated by the Government of West Bengal;
- (v) one official nominated by the Government of Bihar;
- (vi) one official nominated by the Government of the Central Provinces and Berar;
- (vii) two persons nominated by the Indian Mining Association;
- (viii) one official nominated by the Central Government to represent the State Railway Collieries;
- (ix) one person nominated by the Indian Mining Federation;
- (x) one person nominated by the Indian Colliery Owners Association;
- (xi) one person nominated by the Central Provinces and Berar Mining Association;
- (xii) six persons nominated by the Central Government to represent the interests of the workmen employed in coal mines;
- (xiii) a woman nominated by the Central Government if no women has been nominated under clause above;
- (xiv) two mining engineers to be nominated by the Central Government, one on the recommendation of the Indian Mine Managers' Association and the other on that of the National Association of Colliery Managers..

(b) The Hon'ble Minister for Labour in the Central Government may attend any meeting of the Advisory Committee and when he does, he shall, notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) (a) (i), preside at the meeting.

(2) If the seat of a member nominated by a body other than the Central Government falls vacant, the Central Government shall within two months of the falling vacant of such seat, by notice in writing, call upon the body concerned to nominate a person to fill the vacancy, and the nomination shall be made within thirty days of the date of issue of such notice;

Provided that if the body fails to make the nomination within the period specified, the Central Government may nominate a person to fill the vacancy.

(3) If a nominated member is unable to attend a meeting of the Advisory Committee, the Central Government or the body which nominated him may, by notice in writing signed on its behalf and by the said member and addressed to the Chairman of the Committee, nominate a

substitute in his place to attend that meeting. Such a substitute shall have all the rights of a member in respect of that meeting.

4. Executive Committee of the Advisory Committee.—

(a) The Executive Committee of the Advisory Committee shall consist of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, and Secretary to be nominated by the Chairman.

(b) The office of the Committee shall be situated in or adjacent to the West Bengal or Bihar coalfields.

(c) The Secretary shall carry out routine duties and the Vice-Chairman shall exercise such other powers and discharge such other duties of the Chairman as may be delegated by him.

5. Sub-Committees.—(1) The Advisory Committee shall constitute the following Sub-Committees to carry out the functions assigned to each, namely:—

(a) Finance Sub-Committee consisting of five members to frame schemes involving expenditure and to advise generally regarding the budget, maintenance of accounts and all expenditure debitable to the Fund; and

(b) Coalfield Sub-Committees, each consisting of five members, one for each of the main coalfields in West Bengal, Bihar, the Central Provinces and Berar and Assam to consider and advise on all matters relating to expenditure from the Fund in their respective coalfields.

(2) Subject to sub-rule (4) of this rule, the Vice-Chairman of the Advisory Committee shall be the Chairman of the Finance Sub-Committee and a member of the Advisory Committee concerned with the particular coalfield shall be the Chairman of the particular Coalfield Sub-Committee. The Vice-Chairman of the Advisory Committee shall be entitled to attend meetings of the Coalfield Sub-Committees.

(3) All members of the Coalfield Sub-Committees, except one, and all members of the Finance Sub-Committee except the Coal Mines Welfare Commissioner, shall be non-officials and in each Sub-Committee there shall be equal representation of the colliery-owners and workmen employed in the coal mining industry.

(4) Notice of every meeting of a Sub-Committee shall be sent also to the Chairman of the Advisory Committee who may attend the meeting and, notwithstanding anything in sub-rules (2) and (3), preside at any meeting if he so desires, and when he does, he shall be entitled to vote.

(5) The members of the Finance Sub-Committee shall be chosen by the Advisory Committee from amongst members of the Committee.

(6) The members of each Coalfield Sub-Committee shall be nominated by the Advisory Committee as far as possible from amongst persons other than the members of the Advisory Committee.

(7) The meetings and proceedings of every Sub-Committee shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Advisory Committee and the Housing Board in so far as the same are applicable thereto. The quorum for a meeting of a Sub-Committee shall be three members empowered to vote.

6. Housing Board.—(1) The Housing Board shall consist of:—

(i) The Coal Mines Welfare Commissioner who shall be the Chairman of the Board;

(ii) The Chief Inspector of Mines;

(iii) The Superintending Engineer, Coal Mines Labour Welfare Fund; and

(iv) Six persons nominated by the Central Government in consultation with the Advisory Committee.

(2) If a nominated member is unable to attend a meeting of the Housing Board, the Central Government may by notice in writing signed by an officer authorized in this behalf and by the said member and addressed to the Chairman of the Board, nominate a substitute in his place to attend that meeting. Such a substitute shall have all the rights of a member in respect of that meeting.

7. Power to co-opt members.—(1) The Advisory Committee may at any time and for such period as it thinks fit, co-opt any person or persons as members of the Advisory Committee or any Sub-Committee. The Housing Board may likewise at any time and for such period as it thinks fit co-opt any person or persons as members of the Housing Board.

(2) A member co-opted under sub-rule (1) shall exercise all the powers and functions of a member under these rules, except that he shall not be entitled to vote on any question coming before the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board.

8. Term of office of members.—(1) A nominated member shall, unless he resigns his office or dies, hold office for a period of three years from the date of the notification appointing him a member of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board and shall be eligible for re-nomination:

Provided that an outgoing member shall continue in office until the appointment of his successor is notified.

(2) A member nominated to fill a casual vacancy or, in the case of the Advisory Committee, a member appointed by the Central Government under the proviso to rule 8(2) shall hold office for as long as the member whose place he fills would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred, or if the nomination, as required by the rule aforesaid, had been made.

9. Remuneration of members.—Each non-official member, including a non-official co-opted under rule 7, shall be paid Rs. 10 for each meeting of the Advisory Committee, Sub-Committee or Housing Board attended by him subject to a maximum of Rs. 30 for any one calendar month and travelling expenses at the rates admissible to Government servants of the First Grade for a journey on tour:

Provided that where the journey is performed by road, mileage at the rate admissible to Government servants of the First Grade shall be paid subject to the furnishing of a certificate that the journey by road was undertaken to avoid loss of time which the journey by railway would have entailed and subject to the further condition that the distance travelled by road does not exceed 75 miles for a single journey.

NOTE.—For the purpose of this Rule the term 'member' includes a member of the Sub-Committee who is not a member of the Advisory Committee or of the Housing Board.

10. Resignation.—A non-official nominated member may resign his office by letter addressed to the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board, as the case may be.

11. Absence from India.—(1) Before a non-official nominated member leaves India, he shall intimate to the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board, as the case may be, the date of his departure from, and the date of his expected return to, India and if he intends to be absent from India for a period longer than six months, he shall tender his resignation.

(2) If any such member leaves India without complying with sub-rule (1), he shall be deemed to have resigned with effect from the date of his departure from India.

12. Vacation of office.—A nominated member shall be declared by the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board to have vacated his office—

(a) if he becomes insolvent; or

(b) if he is convicted of any offence which, in the opinion of the Central Government, involves moral turpitude; or

(c) if he is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board without leave of absence from its Chairman, or

(d) if, in the opinion of the Central Government it is undesirable that he should continue to be a member of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board.

PROCEDURE RELATING TO MEETINGS

13. Disposal of business.—(1) Every question which the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board is required to take into consideration shall be considered either at its meetings or, if its Chairman so directs, by sending the necessary papers to all members for their opinion:

provided that the papers need not be sent to a member who is absent from India.

(2) Where a question is referred for opinion under sub-rule (1), any member may request that the question be considered at a meeting of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board and whereupon the Chairman may and, if the request is made by five or more members in the case of the Advisory Committee and three or more members in the case of the Housing Board, shall direct that it be so considered.

14. *Time and place of meetings.*—The Advisory Committee or the Housing Board shall meet at such place and time as may be appointed by its Chairman.

15. *Notice of meetings.*—(1) Notice shall be given to every member present in India of the time and place fixed for each ordinary meeting at least fifteen days before such meeting in the case of the Advisory Committee and at least seven days before such meeting in the case of the Housing Board, and each member shall be furnished with a list of business to be disposed of at that meeting.

Provided that when an emergent meeting is called by the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board, such notice shall not be necessary.

(2) No business which is not on the list shall be considered at a meeting without the permission of the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board as the case may be.

16. *Presiding at meetings.*—The Chairman of the Advisory Committee shall, save as provided in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of Rule 3, preside at every meeting of the Committee at which he is present. If the Chairman is absent from any meeting, the Vice-Chairman shall preside at that meeting and if both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are absent, the members present shall elect one of their member to preside over the meeting and the member so elected shall at that meeting exercise all the powers of the Chairman of the Committee. In the case of the Housing Board, the Chairman of the Housing Board shall preside at every meeting of the Board at which he is present. If the Chairman is absent from any meeting, the members present shall elect one of their member to preside over the meeting and the member so elected shall at that meeting exercise all the powers of the Chairman of the Board.

17. *Quorum.*—No business shall be transacted at a meeting of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board, whether ordinary or emergent, unless at least five members empowered to vote in the case of the Advisory Committee and three members empowered to vote in the case of the Housing Board are present:

Provided that if at any meeting less than this number of members attend, the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board as the case may be, may adjourn the meeting to a date not less than seven days later, informing the members present and sending notice to other members that he proposes to dispose of the business at the adjourned meeting, whether there is a quorum or not, and he may thereupon dispose of the business at such adjourned meeting.

18. *Decision by majority.*—(1) Every question at a meeting of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board shall be decided by a majority of votes of the members present and voting on that question but the minority shall have the right of requiring their dissent to be noted.

(2) Every question referred to the members for opinion shall, unless the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board in pursuance of sub-rule (2) of Rule 13 reserves it for consideration at a meeting, be decided in accordance with the opinion of the majority of members who have submitted their opinions within the time allowed.

(3) In the case of an equal division of votes or opinions, the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board as the case may be, shall give an additional vote or opinion.

19. *Minutes of meetings.*—(1) The proceedings of each meeting of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board shall be circulated to all members of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board, as the case may be, present in India and thereafter recorded in a minute book which

shall be kept for permanent record. In the case of the Housing Board, the proceedings shall also be circulated to all members of the Advisory Committee present in India.

(2) The record of the proceedings of each meeting shall be signed by the Chairman of the Advisory Committee or the Housing Board as the case may be.

POWERS OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

20. *Staff.*—(1) Subject to provision in the sanctioned budget and to the provisions of Rule 21, the Chairman of the Advisory Committee may appoint technical and other staff for the Housing Board, and the Committee may, fix the scale of establishment and salaries and allowances of officers and servants employed by it and may require security to be taken from them in such cases and for such amount as it thinks fit:

Provided that no appointment to a post on a salary exceeding Rs. 500/- per month shall be made without the previous sanction of the Central Government.

(2) The Chairman of the Advisory Committee may authorise the staff to give assistance to any Sub-Committee of the Advisory Committee, to the Housing Board or to any other authority exercising executive or advisory functions in connection with the Act or to any person getting a grant from the Fund.

21. *Schemes of expenditure.*—(1) The Chairman of the Advisory Committee shall have power to incur expenditure on administrative staff and sanctioned welfare and housing schemes to the extent of the financial provision in the sanctioned budget:

Provided that—

(i) he shall have no power to sanction the creation of a post on a salary of more than Rs. 500/- per month and shall have only such powers of re-appropriation as may be approved by the Central Government after considering the advice of the Advisory Committee,

(ii) he shall have no power to incur expenditure on a scheme that has not been sanctioned by the Central Government if the cost of such a scheme exceeds Rs. 20,000 non-recurring or Rs. 2,500 per annum recurring.

(2) The Chairman of the Advisory Committee may, with the concurrence of the appropriate Sub-Committee approve any new scheme costing less than Rs. 20,000 non-recurring and Rs. 2,500 per annum recurring. All other schemes shall require the sanction of the Central Government which shall be applied for by the Chairman of the Advisory Committee after consulting it.

Where the Central Government does not approve a new scheme forwarded by the Chairman of the Advisory Committee, he shall be so informed within three months and the Chairman shall inform the Advisory Committee or if the matter concerns only a particular coalfield, the appropriate Sub-Committee.

(3) The Vice-Chairman of the Advisory Committee may exercise the powers of the Chairman of the Advisory Committee under sub-rules (1) and (2) to incur expenditure on sanctioned welfare and housing schemes if the cost of such a scheme does not exceed Rs. 10,000/- non-recurring or Rs. 1,000/- per annum recurring.

22. *Contingent expenditure.*—The Chairman of the Advisory Committee may sanction, without reference to it, expenditure on contingencies, supplies and services and purchase of articles required for the working of the office of the Advisory Committee and the Housing Board subject to financial provision in the sanctioned budget and to the condition that the expenditure on any single object shall not exceed Rs. 500.

POWERS OF ADVISORY COMMITTEE

23 (1) *Budget.*—The Annual budget of the General Welfare Fund prepared by the Executive Committee in consultation with the Finance Sub-Committee shall be considered by the Advisory Committee in January each year. Thereafter, the budget as finally approved by the Advisory Committee shall be forwarded for sanction to the Central Government which may make such alterations therein as it considers necessary before according its sanction.

(2) *Other matters to be considered by Committee*—Besides its statutory duties, the Advisory Committee shall consider and report on the budget and on any matter referred to it by the Central Government or by the Chairman of the Advisory Committee for advice.

If not less than five members request the Chairman of the Advisory Committee to refer any matter to the Advisory Committee, he shall refer to it accordingly.

(3) *Committee to be informed of expenditure*—A memorandum setting forth any grant made or expenditure incurred from the Fund since the last meeting shall be laid at each meeting of the Advisory Committee.

24 *Powers of the Housing Board*—(1) The Housing Board shall, subject to the previous approval of the Central Government, frame bye laws—

- (i) specifying the conditions relating to occupation to be observed by the allottees;
- (ii) providing for the manner in which allotment of housing accommodation shall be made;
- (iii) fixing the rates at which rent is to be recovered and the manner of recovery; and
- (iv) generally for carrying out the functions of the Board under the Act.

(2) The Housing Board shall submit to the Central Government a statement in form A as required by sub-section (7) of section 5 of the Act.

(3) (a) The Housing Board shall prepare and submit in January each year to the Advisory Committee and the Central Government an annual statement of the accounts in Form B.

(b) The annual account shall be accompanied by a statement of investments in form C made under sub-section (9) of section 5 of the Act.

(4) The Housing Board shall also maintain separate accounts for the following—

- (a) Progressive expenditure on every approved scheme;
- (b) loan repayment account;
- (c) cost of acquisition of land for buildings, and
- (d) depreciated value at the end of each financial year of buildings whose cost has been debited to the housing account.

(5) All agreements and instruments entered into by the Housing Board shall be signed by the Chairman on behalf of the Housing Board.

CHAPTER III—FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

25 *Allocation of expenditure from the Fund between the General Welfare Account and the Housing Account*—The cost of administering the Fund and the salaries and allowances of the officers and staff employed by the Fund

shall be apportioned between the housing account and the general welfare account in the proportion of two to seven.

26 *Grants*—(1) In each case in which a grant is made by, or with the approval of the Central Government from the general welfare account or the housing account of the Fund to a provincial government, a local authority, or the owner of a coal mine, in aid of any scheme approved by the Central Government for any purpose for which the monies in the general welfare account or the housing account may be utilised, the Central Government may impose conditions necessary for ensuring—

- (a) that the work for which the grant is made is duly and promptly executed and the money is actually utilised for the purpose for which it is granted;
- (b) that the data on which the grant is calculated are in accordance with facts;
- (c) that any particulars which the Central Government may from time to time require for the proper discharge of its responsibilities are promptly supplied;
- (d) that all necessary facilities for inspection are accorded to persons duly authorised by the Central Government for the purpose of clause (a) or for checking the corrections of any particulars supplied under clause (c) or for the collection of any such particulars; and

(e) that proper accounts of the money granted are kept and are submitted for audit by such persons as the Central Government may authorise in this behalf.

(2) Before making a grant from the general welfare account or the housing account of the Fund to a local authority or to the owner of a coal mine, the Central Government shall require such local authority or owner to execute a bond for the fulfilment of conditions imposed by the Central Government under sub-rule (1).

(3) It shall be a condition of every bond executed under sub-rule (2) that in the event of the local authority or owner of the mine violating any condition imposed under sub-rule (1), such local authority or owner shall be liable to pay to the Central Government such sum by way of penalty as may be specified in the bond.

27 *Recovery of excise duty*—(1) The duty of excise imposed under section 3 of the Act on coal and coke shall, when such coal or coke is despatched by rail from collieries, to any station in India, be collected by the Railway Administration concerned by means of a surcharge on freight and such duty of excise shall be recovered—

- (a) from the consignor, if the freight charges are prepaid at the forwarding station; or
- (b) from the consignee, if the freight charges are collected at the destination of the consignment or
- (c) from the party paying the freight if the consignment is booked on the weight system.

(2) Where coal or coke is despatched by rail from collieries to any station outside India, the duty of excise shall be recovered from the consignor at the forwarding station.

(3) In calculating the amount of duty of excise payable on any one consignment a fraction of an anna shall be rounded off to the nearest anna.

28 *Weight for charge*. For the purpose of the levy of the excise duty, the actual weight of a consignment rounded off to the nearest ton, shall be taken into account.

29 *Remittance of excise duty*—(1) The total amount of excise duty collected by each Railway Administration less—

- (a) refunds and write-offs authorised by the Railway Administration under Rule 30 and
- (b) deduction of such percentage as the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, fix towards the cost of collection,

shall, under advice to the Accountant General, Bihar, be remitted quarterly to the Reserve Bank of India at Calcutta to the credit of the Central Government;

(2) An amount equivalent to the amount of excise duty credited to the Central Revenue under sub-rule (1) shall be transferred to the Coal Mines Labour Housing and General Welfare Fund.

(3) The amount of the excise duty remitted during a financial year by a Railway Administration under sub-rule (1) shall be certified as soon as possible after the close of the financial year by such officer or officers as the Central Government may appoint in this behalf.

(4) The certificates under sub-rule (3) shall be sent to the Central Government and copies thereof to the Accountant General Bihar, and to the Coal Mines Welfare Commissioner by the officers concerned.

30 *Refunds and recoveries*—(1) When the amount of the duty of excise due under these rules has not been collected either wholly or in part or where the amount collected is in excess of the amount due, the Railway Administration shall have the right to recover the under-charge and the liability to refund the over-charge on the same principles as apply to under-charge and over-charge in regard to railway freight charges.

(2) When it is proved to the satisfaction of the Central Government or of any person authorised in this behalf by the Central Government that any coal on which the duty of excise under section 3 of the Act had been collected has been used in the manufacture of any coal on which the duty has also been collected, the Central

Government or the person authorised in this behalf by the Central Government may order refund of an amount equal to the duty collected on such coal to the person from whom such duty was collected.

31. *Audit of Accounts.*—The accounts of the General Welfare Account Fund shall be maintained and audited in the same manner as of any other Fund administered by the Central Government. The housing account of the Fund which shall be maintained by the Board shall be audited by a certified Auditor as soon after the close of the financial year as possible. The appointment of the Auditor shall be sanctioned and his remuneration fixed by the Central Government on the recommendation of the Advisory Committee.

CHAPTER IV.—MISCELLANEOUS

32 *Statistics and other information.*—(1) The owner of a coal mine shall furnish such statistics or other information as the Central Government or any other person

authorised by the Central Government in writing in this behalf may by written order require for the purposes of the Act in such form or manner and within such time as may be specified in the order.

(2) Any owner of a coal mine, who without reasonable excuse fails to furnish the statistics or other information required by the Central Government under sub-rule (1), or furnishes statistics or other information containing a statement, entry or detail which is not to the best of his knowledge or belief true, shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

33. *Employees of the Fund not public servants.*—Persons paid from the Fund shall not be deemed to be Government servants, notwithstanding that the Central Government may direct that service rules applicable to Government servants generally may apply, with or without modification, to such persons.

FORM A

Statement of estimated receipts and expenditure from the housing account of the Fund for the financial year...

Receipts	Estimates for the current year	Actuals for current year	Estimates for	Expenditure	Estimates for the current year	Actuals for current year	Estimates for
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Cess collections (amount apportioned for the housing account of the Fund at the rate of.....).	...	...	...	Administrative charges (share of expenditure to be charged to the housing account of the Fund),	..	...	...
				Expenditure on house building scheme.	...	...	...
2. Loan sanctioned by Central Government	...	...	...	(a) Cost of preparing schemes.	...	...	...
3. Rents realised from housing accommodation.	...	...	...	(b) Cost of acquisition of land	...	...	...
				(c) Cost of construction.	...	...	...
4. Interest on investments.	...	...	...	(d) Maintenance and repair charges.	...	...	...
5. Miscellaneous receipts	...	...	...	Sinking fund subscription.	...	...	...
				Grants to Provincial Governments, local authorities or owners of coal mines in aid of approved schemes.	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	Total ...	...	...	...

FORM B

Annual Statement of Accounts of the Housing Fund for the year.....

Receipts	Actuals for the year	Expenditure	Actuals for the year
	Rs.		Rs.
Opening balance.		Administrative charges (share of expenditure to be charged to the housing account of the Fund.)	...
1. Cess collections (amount apportioned for the housing account of the Fund at the rate of)	...	Expenditure on house building scheme.	...
		(a) cost of preparing scheme.	...
2. Loan sanctioned by Central Government.	...	(b) cost of acquisition of land.	...
3. Rent realised from housing accommodations.	...	(c) cost of construction.	...
4. Interest on investments.	...	(d) maintenance and repair charges.	...
5. Miscellaneous receipts.	...	Sinking fund subscriptions.	...
		Grants to Provincial Governments, local authorities or owners of coal mines in aid of approved schemes.	...
		Closing Balance.	...

FORM C

Statement of investments made under section 5 of the Act

No and date of the Central Government's letter sanctioning the investment	Nature of investment i.e. Government paper	Book value i.e. cost including brokerage and other charges	Face Value	Market Value
TOTAL				

S C AGGARWAL, Dy Secy.

